

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA  
FLORENCE DIVISION

MARY BETH MARTIN, ) C/A No. 4:20-cv-02417-TER  
Plaintiff, )  
vs. )  
KILOLO KIJAKAZI, ) ORDER  
Acting Commissioner of Social Security, )  
Defendant.

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On May 25, 2023, counsel for Plaintiff, filed a motion for attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b). (ECF No. 31). In the motion, counsel requests reimbursement for representation provided in the above-referenced case in the amount \$9,528.00. *Id.* Plaintiff's counsel previously received attorney fee awards under the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 42 U.S.C. § 2412, for attorney's fees and expenses in the amount of \$6,000 (No. 4:17-cv-2409, ECF No. 31) and \$8,700.00 (No. 4:20-cv-2417, ECF No. 30), for a total of \$14,700. Counsel agrees that any attorney fees awarded under § 406(b)(1) are subject to offset by the previous EAJA attorney fee awards and the lesser of the two amounts must be refunded to the plaintiff; however, Plaintiff's counsel desires the court to award a reduced amount, already taking account of the previous EAJA awards. (ECF No. 31). On May 26, 2023, Defendant filed a response indicating no position on counsel's request for attorney's fees. (ECF No. 33).

Title 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A) provides that "[w]henever a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant . . . who was represented before the court by an attorney, the court may

determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such representation, not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment.” 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A). The Supreme Court has held that § 406(b) sets a statutory ceiling for attorney fees in social security cases of 25 percent of past-due benefits and calls for court review of contingency fee agreements to assure that the agreement yields reasonable results in particular cases. *Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 807 (2002). Contingency fee agreements are unenforceable to the extent that they provide for fees exceeding 25 percent of the past-due benefits. *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 807. When the contingency fee agreement and requested fee do not exceed 25 percent of the past-due benefits, “the attorney for the successful claimant must show that the fee sought is reasonable for the services rendered.” *Id.* Even where the requested fee does not exceed 25 percent of past-due benefits, “a reduction in the contingent fee may be appropriate when (1) the fee is out of line with the ‘character of the representation and the results . . . achieved,’ (2) counsel’s delay caused past-due benefits to accumulate ‘during the pendency of the case in court,’ or (3) past-due benefits ‘are large in comparison to the amount of time counsel spent on the case’” (i.e., the “windfall” factor). *Mudd v. Barnhart*, 418 F.3d 424, 428 (4th Cir. 2005) (citing *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 808).

As required by 42 U.S.C. § 406(b), the amount requested by counsel is not greater than 25 percent of the past-due benefits recovered by Plaintiff. Here, the attached Exhibit C is dated April 18, 2023, from the SSA, the SSA notes it withheld a total of \$24,228.00 from Plaintiff’s past due benefits amount (ECF No. 31-3 at 3). The prior EAJA awards Plaintiff’s counsel

received were for a total of \$14,700 (\$6,000 from No. 4:17-cv-2409 and \$8,700 from No. 4:20-cv-2417).

Plaintiff's counsel is requesting only \$9,528.00, to account for the prior EAJA awards. In the event that after the \$9,528.00 is disbursed to Plaintiff's counsel there remains funds withheld that are Plaintiff's funds, the SSA is directed to disburse the remaining balance directly to Plaintiff as described in the SSA's Notice of Award (ECF No. 31-3 at 3). The Court has reviewed the motion, counsel's fee petition, and the accompanying fee agreement and finds that the request is reasonable. Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion for Attorney's Fees pursuant to the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (ECF No. 31) is **GRANTED** in the amount of \$9,528.00. Plaintiff's counsel is NOT directed to return the attorney's fees in amount of \$14,700 previously awarded under the EAJA to Plaintiff after he receives the payment of the § 406(b) fees because the prior EAJA award amounts were considered in the calculation of the § 406(b) fee.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

June 5, 2023  
Florence, South Carolina

s/ Thomas E. Rogers, III  
Thomas E. Rogers, III  
United States Magistrate Judge